```
=> d his
```

L42

1 S E3

```
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:00:54 ON 08 JAN 2002)
                SET COST OFF
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:01:06 ON 08 JAN 2002
               E HAMILTON N/AU
             21 S E3, E5
L1
L2
              3 S E19, E20
                E JUVENON/PA,CS
L3
              3 S E3-E8
             24 S L1-L3
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:08:40 ON 08 JAN 2002
L5
             1 S 1200-22-2
               E C8H14O2S2/MF
             17 S E3 AND S2C3/ES
L7
             13 S L6 AND 3
L8
              6 S L7 AND PENTANOIC
              5 S L8 NOT LABELED
                SEL RN
L10
           133 S E1-E5/CRN
L11
            34 S L10 AND SALT
            15 S L11 NOT COMPD
L12
            13 S L12 AND 1/NR
             3 S 541-15-1 OR 541-14-0 OR 406-76-8
             41 S (541-15-1 OR 541-14-0 OR 406-76-8)/CRN
L16
             22 S L15 NOT COMPD
L17
             1 S 303-98-0
             1 S 57-00-1
L18
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:17:21 ON 08 JAN 2002
L19
       1395 S L9 OR L13
         41518 S ANTIOXIDANT#/CW
L21
         93716 S ANTIOXID? OR ANTI OXID?
L22
         1533 S THIOCTIC ACID OR ALPHA LIPOIC ACID
L23
          2189 S LIPOIC ACID
L24
          96356 S L19-L23
L25
           3983 S L14
L26
           7730 S CARNITINE
L27
           8373 S ?CARNITIN?
L28
           191 S L24 AND L25-L27
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:20:45 ON 08 JAN 2002
             1 S 3040-38-8
               E C9H17NO4/MF
L30
             11 S E3 AND PROPANAMINIUM AND ACETYLOXY
L31
             10 S L30 AND 2 AND 3
L32
              3 S L31 NOT (D/ELS OR 13C# OR 11C# OR LABELED)
                SEL RN ·
L33
              6 S E1-E3/CRN
L34
             1 S L33 AND C59H90O4
L35
             1 S L33 AND CL
L36
              4 S L29, L32, L35
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:24:31 ON 08 JAN 2002
                                                                        Point of Contact:
L37
             47 S L36 AND L24
L38
             0 S L34 AND L24
                                                                          Jan Delayal
L39
              1 S L34
                                                                   Librarian-Physical Ociences
L40
            191 S L28, L37
                                                                    CM1 1E010 el: SCO-4403
L41
           1686 S COENZYME Q
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:29:04 ON 08 JAN 2002
                E COENZYME /CN
                E COENZYME Q/CN
```

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11 S E7, E10, E22, E24, E25, E31, E32, E35, E36, E37, E13
L43
L44
             12 S L42, L43
                SEL RN
L45
             33 S E1-E12/CRN
L46
             12 S L17, L44
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:34:03 ON 08 JAN 2002
L47
             35 S L44 AND L40
L48
             61 S (COENZYME OR CO ENZYME OR COE#) AND L40
L49
             38 S L48 AND Q##
L50
             8 S L40 AND L41
L51
             44 S L47, L49, L50
L52
             14 S L51 AND (L18 OR CREATIN?)
                E UBIQUINONE/CT
                E E8+ALL
           4296 S E6+NT
L53
L54
           2674 S E6/BI
           6781 S UBIQUINONE
L55
L56
             42 S L40 AND L53-L55
L57
             49 S L51, L56
             15 S L57 AND (L18 OR CREATIN?)
L58
             15 S L52, L58
L59
              7 S L57 AND (CARBOHYDRATE OR ?SACCHARID?)
L60
             21 S L57 AND (PROTEIN OR AMINOACID OR AMINO ACID)
L61
             13 S L57 AND (FAT OR OIL OR ?GLYCER?)
L62
              O S L57 AND (?FIBER? OR ?FIBRE? OR ?FIBROUS?)
L63
              0 S L57 AND ROUGH?
L64
              7 S L60 AND L61, L62
L65
              4 S L65 AND (17 OR 18)/SC, SX
L66
              6 S L60-L62 AND L59
L67
L68
              5 S L67 AND (17 OR 18)/SC, SX
              7 S L66, L68
L69
L70
              3 S L4 AND L40
              3 S L70 AND L57
L71
L72
             10 S L69, L71
L73
             8 S L72 AND L59
L74
              2 S L72 NOT L73
L75
             29 S L57 AND (17 OR 18)/SC, SX
             20 S L75 NOT L72
L76
L77
             5 S L76 AND (13 OR 14)/SC,SX
L78
             15 S L76 NOT L77
L79
             10 S L78 NOT (TOPICAL? OR SPLEEN OR COSMETIC? OR PARADIGM)/TI
L80
              9 S L79 NOT FATTY/TI
             17 S L73, L80
L81
L82
             15 S L81 AND L19, L14, L17, L18, L44
             17 S L81 AND (LIPOIC OR THIOCTIC OR TIOCTIC OR ?CARNITIN? OR UBIQU
L83
             17 S L81-L83
L84
              3 S L4 AND L84
L85
             17 S L84, L85
L86
                SEL HIT RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:54:30 ON 08 JAN 2002
L87
              5 S E1-E5
=> fil reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:55:16 ON 08 JAN 2002
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 American Chemical Society (ACS)
                                       HIGHEST RN 380539-05-9
STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES:
                            6 JAN 2002
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES:
                            6 JAN 2002 HIGHEST RN 380539-05-9
```

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 7, 2001

conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Calculated physical property data is now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> d ide can tot 187

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L87 ANSWER 1 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
```

RN 3040-38-8 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, 2-(acetyloxy)-3-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, inner salt, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Propanaminium, 2-(acetyloxy)-3-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, inner salt, (R)-

CN Ammonium, (3-carboxy-2-hydroxypropyl)trimethyl-, hydroxide, inner salt, acetate, L- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Acetylcarnitine

CN (R)-Acetylcarnitine

CN Acetyl-L-(-)-carnitine

CN Acetyl-L-carnitine

CN Acetylcarnitine

CN ALCAR

CN L-Acetylcarnitine

CN L-Carnitine acetyl ester

CN L-O-Acetylcarnitine

CN Levocarnitine acetyl

CN Nicetile

CN O-Acetyl-L-carnitine

CN O-Acetylcarnitine

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 461-77-8, 541-68-4, 3624-25-7, 74832-89-6

MF C9 H17 N O4

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN\*,
BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA,
MRCK\*, PHARMASEARCH, PROMT, RTECS\*, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: WHO

Absolute stereochemistry.

587 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

591 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 136:19426

REFERENCE 2: 136:16810

REFERENCE 3: 136:5161

REFERENCE 4: 136:5160

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REFERENCE 5: 136:675
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REFERENCE 6: 136:569

REFERÈNCE 7: 135:362560

REFERENCE 8: 135:293963

REFERENCE 9: 135:286774

REFERENCE 10: 135:283212

L87 ANSWER 2 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 1200-22-2 REGISTRY

CN 1,2-Dithiolane-3-pentanoic acid, (3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1,2-Dithiolane-3-pentanoic acid, (R)-

CN 1,2-Dithiolane-3-valeric acid, (+)- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (R)-(+)-.alpha.-Lipoic acid

CN (R)-.alpha.-Lipoic acid

CN (R)-Lipoic acid

CN .alpha.-(+)-Lipoic acid

CN .alpha.-Lipoic acid

CN d-Thioctic acid

CN Lipoic acid

CN R-(+)-Thioctic acid

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C8 H14 O2 S2

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, HODOC\*, IFICDB, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, NAPRALERT, PROMT, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

501 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

39 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

504 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:25127

REFERENCE 2: 136:24967

REFERENCE 3: 136:19395

REFERENCE 4: 136:11283

REFERENCE 5: 136:5244

REFERENCE 6: 136:5187

REFERENCE 7: 136:5081

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REFERENCE
            8: 136:4057
REFERENCE
            9: 135:376736
REFERENCE 10: 135:366762
L87
    ANSWER 3 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     541-15-1 REGISTRY
     1-Propanaminium, 3-carboxy-2-hydroxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, inner salt, (2R)-
CN
            (CA INDEX NAME)
     (9CI)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     1-Propanaminium, 3-carboxy-2-hydroxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, hydroxide, inner
     salt, (R)-
     Ammonium, (3-carboxy-2-hydroxypropyl)trimethyl-, hydroxide, inner salt, L-
CN
     (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     (-)-Carnitine
CN
     (-)-L-Carnitine
CN
     (R)-Carnitine
     1-Propanaminium, 3-carboxy-2-hydroxy-N, N, N-trimethyl-, inner salt, (R)-
CN
CN
    Carniking 50
CN
    Carnitine
CN
    Carnitine, (-)-
CN
     L-(-)-Carnitine
CN
     1-Carnitine
CN
    L-Carnitine
CN
    Levocarnitine
     ST 198
CN
CN
    Vitamin BT
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
     7634-98-2, 101512-81-6, 4209-27-2
DR
ΜF
    C7 H15 N O3
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGU,
       DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE,
      MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT,
       USAN, USPATZ, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                     EINECS**, WHO
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).
-O2C N+Mea
         OH
            3640 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
             740 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
            3647 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
              11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1: 136:31050
REFERENCE
            2: 136:25127
REFERENCE
            3: 136:16810
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REFERENCE

REFERENCE

4: 136:11219

5: 136:11216

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REFERENCE
                136:11214
REFERENCE
            7:
                136:11129
REFERENCE
                136:5200
REFERENCE
                136:5185
REFERENCE 10:
                136:5161
     ANSWER 4 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L87
RN
     303-98-0 REGISTRY
     2,5-Cyclohexadiene-1,4-dione, 2-[(2E,6E,10E,14E,18E,22E,26E,30E,34E)-
CN
     3,7,11,15,19,23,27,31,35,39-decamethyl-2,6,10,14,18,22,26,30,34,38-
     tetracontadecaenyl]-5,6-dimethoxy-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     2,5-Cyclohexadiene-1,4-dione, 2-(3,7,11,15,19,23,27,31,35,39-decamethyl-
CN
     2,6,10,14,18,22,26,30,34,38-tetracontadecaenyl)-5,6-dimethoxy-3-methyl-,
     (all-E)-
CN
     Coenzyme Q10 (6CI)
     p-Benzoquinone, 2-(3,7,11,15,19,23,27,31,35,39-decamethyl-
CN
     2,6,10,14,18,22,26,30,34,38-tetracontadecaenyl)-5,6-dimethoxy-3-methyl-
     (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     Bio-Quinon
CN
     CoO10
CN
     Ensorb
CN
     Neuquinon
CN
     Neuquinone
CN
     Ubidecarenone
CN
     Ubiquinone 10
CN
     Ubiquinone 50
CN
     Ubiquinone Q10
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
DR
     13448-14-1, 55870-43-4
MF
     C59 H90 O4
CI
     COM
                  ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
LC
     STN Files:
       BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
       CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU,
       EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, NAPRALERT,
       PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL,
       VETU
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**, WHO
```

Double bond geometry as shown.

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

PAGE 1-B Me Me Me Me Me PAGE 1-C CMe2 \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\* 2025 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 21 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 2029 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE) 51 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967) 136:24959 REFERENCE 1: 136:10790 REFERENCE 2: REFERENCE 3: 136:5244 REFERENCE 4: 136:5161 136:5160 REFERENCE 5: REFERENCE 6: 136:5081 REFERENCE 7: 136:675 REFERENCE 136:546 8: REFERENCE 9: 135:376781 REFERENCE 10: 135:376736 ANSWER 5 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L87 57-00-1 REGISTRY RN Glycine, N-(aminoiminomethyl)-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: Creatine (8CI) CN OTHER NAMES: CN Methylguanidoacetic acid CNN-Methyl-N-guanylglycine CN Phosphagen FS 3D CONCORD MF C4 H9 N3 O2 CI COM LC ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, STN Files: BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DETHERM\*, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN\*, HODOC\*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PHARMASEARCH, PROMT, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER,

> (\*File contains numerically searchable property data) DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

TOXLIT, TULSA, USPATFULL

Other Sources:

## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

- 3117 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
  - 67 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 3118 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
  3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
- REFERENCE 1: 136:19439
- REFERENCE 2: 136:18811
- REFERENCE 3: 136:11129
- REFERENCE 4: 136:6344
- REFERENCE 5: 136:3490
- REFERENCE 6: 136:2403
- REFERENCE 7: 136:757
- REFERENCE 8: 135:370157
- REFERENCE 9: 135:368784
- REFERENCE 10: 135:368780

## => fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:55:35 ON 08 JAN 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Jan 2002 VOL 136 ISS 2 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Jan 2002 (20020107/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

HCAplus now provides online access to patents and literature covered in CA from 1907 to the present. Bibliographic information and abstracts were added in 2001 for over 3.8 million records from 1907-1966.

CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

```
=> d all tot 186
    ANSWER 1 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2001:885660 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     136:5160
DN
     Dietary supplement with antioxidant activity comprising an
ΤI
     alkanoyl carnitine and a combination of polyphenols extracted
     from trees or shrubs
     Gaetani, Franco
IN
     Sigma-Tau Healthscience S.P.A., Italy
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
IC
     ICM A23L001-30
     ICS A61K035-78; A61K031-35
CC
     17-14 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           _____
                            20011206
    WO_2001091589
                     A1 _
                                           WO 2001-IT261
                                                            20010523
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,
             HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
             LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,
             RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI IT 2000-RM298
                           20000530
                       Α
     A health food/dietary supplement with antioxidant activity
     comprises an alkanoyl carnitine and a combination of polyphenols
     extd. from trees or shrubs. Thus, a supplement may contain 500 mg
     isovaleryl L-carnitine and 100 mg maritime pine bark ext.
     carnitine deriv polyphenol diet supplement; antioxidant
ST
     health food carnitine deriv polyphenol
ΙT
     Pine (Pinus)
        (Finnish pine; antioxidant dietary supplement comprising
        alkanovl carnitine and polyphenols from trees or shrubs)
ΙT
     Antioxidants
     Bark
     Beech (Fagus grandifolia)
     Beech (Fagus sylvatica)
     Chestnut (Castanea sativa)
     Dietary energy
     Douglas fir
     Fagaceae
     Forsythia
     Health food
     Hemlock (Tsuga canadensis)
     Oak (Ouercus robur)
     Oleaceae
     Pinaceae
     Pine (Pinus massoniana)
     Pine (Pinus pinaster)
     Plant (Embryophyta)
     Spruce (Picea abies)
     Tree
        (antioxidant dietary supplement comprising alkanoyl
        carnitine and polyphenols from trees or shrubs)
ΙT
     Amino acids, biological studies
       Coenzymes
```

```
Mineral elements, biological studies
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antioxidant dietary supplement comprising alkanoyl
        carnitine and polyphenols from trees or shrubs)
ΙŢ
     Nervous system
        (disease, prevention; antioxidant dietary supplement
        comprising alkanoyl carnitine and polyphenols from trees or
        shrubs)
IT
     Learning
        (disorder, prevention; antioxidant dietary supplement
        comprising alkanoyl carnitine and polyphenols from trees or
        shrubs)
IT
     Phenols, biological studies
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (polyphenols, nonpolymeric, from trees or shrubs; antioxidant
        dietary supplement comprising alkanoyl carnitine and
        polyphenols from trees or shrubs)
ΙT
     Aging, animal
     Blood vessel, disease
     Heart, disease
     Immunodeficiency
        (prevention; antioxidant dietary supplement comprising
        alkanoyl carnitine and polyphenols from trees or shrubs)
IT
        (supplements; antioxidant dietary supplement comprising
        alkanovl carnitine and polyphenols from trees or shrubs)
IT
     50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies
                                              59-43-8, Vitamin B1, biological
     studies 303-98-0, Coenzyme Q10
                                      557-04-0,
                         1406-18-4, Vitamin E
     Magnesium stearate
                                                 3211-76-5, L-Selenomethionine
                                  8059-24-3, Vitamin B6 11032-50-1, Vitamin
     7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene
          14281-83-5, Zinc glycinate
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antioxidant dietary supplement comprising alkanoyl
        carnitine and polyphenols from trees or shrubs)
IΤ
     541-15-1, L-Carnitine 541-15-1D, L-
     Carnitine, salts 3040-38-8, Acetyl L-carnitine
     3040-38-8D, Acetyl L-carnitine, salts
                                            20064-19-1,
     Propionyl L-carnitine
                             20064-19-1D, Propionyl L-
     carnitine, salts 25576-40-3, Butyryl L-carnitine
     25576-40-3D, Butyryl L-carnitine, salts
                                               31023-24-2, Isovaleryl
                   31023-24-2D, Isovaleryl L-carnitine,
     L-carnitine
             40225-14-7, Valeryl L-carnitine
                                              40225-14-7D, Valeryl
     L-carnitine, salts
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (antioxidant dietary supplement comprising alkanoyl
        carnitine and polyphenols from trees or shrubs)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Masquelier, J; <u>US 46</u>98360 A 1987 HCAPLUS
(2) Sigma Tau Healthscience Spa; WO 0000183 A 2000 HCAPLUS
(3) Sigma Tau Healthscience Spa; WO 0103683 A 2001 HCAPLUS
L86
    ANSWER 2 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     2001:833798 HCAPLUS
DN
     135:343719
ΤI
     Performance-enhancing dietary supplement
IN
     Hastings, Carl W.; Barnes, David J.; Daley, Christine A.
PA
     Hastings, Carl W, USA
SO
     U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 5 pp.
     CODEN: USXXCO
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
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IC

ICM A61K038-00

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ICS A61K047-00; A61K009-68; A61K009-28; A61K009-70
    424439000
NCL
    17-14 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
    Section cross-reference(s): 18
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                          -----
                           20011115 US 1998-175748 19981020
PΙ
    US 2001041187
                    A1
    A dietary supplement for enhancing phys. performance of human subjects was
AB
    developed. The supplement in dry, finely-divided form includes as a major
    ingredient a soy protein isolate contg. at least 80
    protein on a moisture-free basis with lesser amts. of
    carbohydrate, free form amino acids, medium
    chain triglycerides, creatine monohydrate, 1-
    carnitine, grape seed ext., coenzyme Q10,
    piper nigrum ext., and alpha lipoic acid.
    The supplement also includes minor amts. of conjugated linoleic acid and
    phosphatidylserine/phosphatidylcholine complex.
ST
    dietary supplement soy protein phys performance
    Pepper (Piper nigrum)
ΙT
        (ext.; performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
IT
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (isoflavones; performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
ΙT
    Glycerides, biological studies
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (medium-chain; performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
ΙT
    Flavoring materials
        (performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
IT
    Proteins, general, biological studies
    RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU
     (Occurrence)
        (performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
ΙT
    Amino acids, biological studies
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
ΙT
    Carbohydrates, biological studies
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
ΙT
    Lecithins
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
ΙT
    Phosphatidylcholines, biological studies
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
ΙT
    Phosphatidylserines
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
ΙT
        (seed ext.; performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
    Proteins, general, biological studies
IT
    RL: BPR (Biological process); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological
    study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (soybean, isolate; performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
IT
        (supplements; performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
    56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 56-41-7, L-Alanine, biological
IT
              56-85-9, L-Glutamine, biological studies
                                                        56-87-1, L-Lysine,
    biological studies 57-48-7, D-Fructose, biological studies
                                                                  61-90-5,
    L-Leucine, biological studies 70-26-8, Ornithine 74-79-3, L-Arginine,
    biological studies 303-98-0, Coenzyme Q10
    328-50-7 541-15-1, L-Carnitine 1200-22-2,
     .alpha.-Lipoic acid 6020-87-7,
                          121250-47-3, Conjugated linoleic acid
    Creatine monohydrate
    RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (performance-enhancing dietary supplement)
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L86
    ANSWER 3 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2001:833099 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     135:362605
ΤI
     Nutritional preparation comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use
     Hageman, Robert Johan Joseph; Smeets, Rudolf Leonardus Lodewijk; Verlaan,
IN
     George
PΑ
     N.V. Nutricia, Neth.
     PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT \cdot
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-7004
     ICS A61K031-522; A23L001-09; A23L001-302; A61P003-00; A61P003-02;
         A61P039-06
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 17
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                    ----
                                          -----
                     A1
                           20011115
                                         WO 2001-NL349 20010508
PΙ
     WO 2001085178
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
             RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
            UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2000-566381
                           20000508
                      Α
     Trauma, surgery, inflammation, subfertility, lactation problems, gut
     disorders, infant nutrition, cancer, arthritis and other joint problems,
     vascular problems and cardio- or cerebrovascular problems, ischemia,
     aging, impaired immune function, burns, sepsis, malnutrition, problems
     with liver or kidneys, malaria, cystic fibrosis, migraine, neurol.
     problems, respiratory infections, improvement of sports results, muscle
     soreness, drug intoxication and pain can be treated with a nutritional
     compn. contg. effective amts. of ribose and folic acid, optionally
     combined with other components such as niacin, histidine, glutamine,
     orotate, vitamin B6 and other components.
ST
     nutrition pharmaceutical ribose folic acid
IT
     Nervous system
        (Huntington's chorea; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic
        acid and medical use)
ΙT
     Digestive tract
     Nervous system
        (disease; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and
        medical use)
ΙT
     Fertility
     Lactation
        (disorder; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and
        medical use)
IT
     Poisoning, biological
        (drug; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical
        use)
ΙT
     Respiratory tract
        (infection; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and
        medical use)
ΙT
     Nucleotides, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (metab.; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and
        medical use)
IT
     Alzheimer's disease
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Analgesics

. Antiarthritics Antidepressants Antitumor agents Burn Cardiovascular agents Cystic fibrosis Fatigue, biological Immunity Kidney, disease Liver, disease Malnutrition Multiple sclerosis Parkinson's disease Schizophrenia Sepsis Surgery Tuberculostatics (nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) Fatty acids, biological studies RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) Amino acids, biological studies RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) Muscle (soreness; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) (supplements; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) Injury (trauma; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) 69-93-2, Uric acid, biological studies RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (antioxidant; nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) 50-99-7, D-Glucose, biological studies 56-85-9, Glutamine, biological 56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological studies 57-00-1, 59-43-8, Thiamine, biological studies 59-67-6, Niacin, biological studies 61-90-5, L-Leucine, biological studies 63-68-3, L-Methionine, biological studies 63-91-2, L-Phenylalanine, 65-86-1, Orotic acid 68-19-9, Vitamin b12 biological studies 71-00-1, L-Histidine, biological studies 72-19-5, L-Threonine, biological studies 73-32-5, L-Isoleucine, biological studies 107-35-7, Taurine 107-43-7, Betaine Citric acid, biological studies 303-98-0, Coenzyme q10 541-15-1, Carnitine 1200-22-2, .alpha.-Lipoic 7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological studies 7440-66-6, Zinc, biological studies 7782-49-2, Selenium, biological studies 8059-24-3, 14265-44-2, Phosphate, biological studies 14808-79-8, Vitamin b6 Sulfate, biological studies RL: FFD (Food or feed use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) 50-69-1, D-Ribose 59-30-3, Folic acid, biological studies RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nutritional prepn. comprising ribose and folic acid and medical use) RE.CNT (1) Bioenergy Inc; WO 9965476 A 1999 HCAPLUS (2) Depha Team SRL; WO 9215311 A 1992 HCAPLUS

IT

IT

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IT

IT

IT

ΙT

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RE

(3) Naito, A; EP 0652012 A 1995 HCAPLUS (4) Oster, K; DE 2231989 A 1973 HCAPLUS

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(5) Oy Jurilab Ltd; WO 0128365 A 2001 HCAPLUS
    ANSWER 4 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     2001:661244 HCAPLUS
DN
     135:200502
    Composition for the prevention and/or treatment of vascular diseases,
TΤ
     comprising propionyl L-carnitine and coenzyme
    010
    Cavazza, Claudio
IN
    Sigma-Tau Healthscience S.p.A., Italy
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
IC
     ICM A61K031-00
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 17
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                          _____
                                          WO 2001-IT81
PΙ
    WO 2001064203
                     A2
                            20010907
                                                            20010220
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                            20000302
PRAI IT 2000-RM106
                     Α
    A compn. is suitable for the prevention and/or treatment of cardiac,
     central and peripheral cerebral disturbances and for the prevention of
     learning disorders or disorders related to ageing, as well as for coping
     with increased energy requirements. This compn.the form of a dietary
     supplement or a drug, contg. the following as its characterizing active
     ingredients: (a) propionyl L-carnitine or its salts; and (b)
     Coenzyme Q10. Thus, a compn. contained propionyl L-
     carnitine 500, coenzyme Q10 25, vitamin E 5,
     vitamin B1 1, vitamin B2 2, vitamin B6 1, vitamin PP 20, Mg stearate 5,
     and Zn glycinate 10 mg, folic acid 100, vitamin B12 100, and
     selenomethionine 50 .mu.g, and vitamin D 500 IU.
ST
     propionyl carnitine coenzyme Q10 vascular
     disease
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (capsules; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Learning
        (disorder; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (granules; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (liqs.; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (lozenges; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme Q10
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compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (parenterals; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
ፐጥ
     Aging, animal
     Anti-ischemic agents
       Antioxidants
     Blood vessel, disease
     Brain, disease
     Heart, disease
        (propionyl carnitine and coenzyme Q10
        compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular diseases)
ΙT
     Coenzymes
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (propionyl carnitine and coenzyme Q10
        compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular diseases)
TΤ
     Amino acids, biological studies
     Minerals, biological studies
     Vitamins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (propionyl carnitine and coenzyme Q10
        compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (rectal; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (semisolid; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
TT
     Drug delivery systems
        (solids; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (sublingual; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Diet
        (supplements; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Drug interactions
        (synergistic; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
ΤT
     Drug delivery systems
        (syrups; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tablets; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (transdermal; propionyl carnitine and coenzyme
        Q10 compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular
        diseases)
     303-98-0, Coenzyme Q10 541-15-1, L-
ΙT
     Carnitine 3040-38-8, Acetyl L-Carnitine
                                        25576-40-3, Butyryl L-
     20064-19-1, Propionyl L-carnitine
                 31023-24-2, IsoValeryl L-Carnitine
     Carnitine
     40225-14-7, Valeryl L-Carnitine
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
```

```
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (propionyl carnitine and coenzyme Q10
        compn. for prevention and/or treatment of vascular diseases)
L86
    ANSWER 5 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     2001:611750 HCAPLUS
DN
     135:166273
TΙ
     Dietary supplemental method for fat and weight reduction
IN
     Carthron, James Alexander
PA
     USA
SO
     U.S., 4 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-555
     ICS A61K031-425; A61K031-44; A61K031-35; A61K031-195 .
NCL
     514188000
CC
     17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO. ALIZA
                                          ______
     US 6277842
PΙ
                     B1 20010821
                                         US 2000-690880 20001017
     A natural method for promoting fat, and wt. loss is described
AB
     while decreasing_food-cravings comprising administering to an individual
     in need thereof(L-carnitine, chromium picolinate,
    coenzyme 010, creatine (lipoic acid, niacin, pyruvate, riboflavin, and thiamine. Pyruvate is a
     major promoter of the oxidn. of dietary fuels like carbohydrates
     and fatty acids in the citric acid cycle. L-carnitine allows
     the transport of fatty acids into the mitochondria where it can be
     degraded in the citric acid cycle. Lipoic acid is a
     major intracellular antioxidant, and component of key enzymes in
     the citric acid cycle. Niacin, riboflavin, and thiamine are key
     components of enzymes that lead to the breakdown of dietary fuel mols.
     such as fatty acids, amino acids, and
     carbohydrates that enter the citric acid cycle. The breakdown of
     these dietary fuels leads to the prodn. of high energy hydrogen atoms.
     Coenzyme Q10 accepts these hydrogen atoms and utilizes
     them for cellular energy prodn. Chromium helps reduce food cravings by
     normalizing insulin levels. Creatine allows increased storage
     of cellular energy, and promotes lean muscle tissue.
ST
     dietary supplement fat body wt redn
IT
     Body weight
        (dietary supplemental method for fat and wt. redn.)
ΙT
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (dietary supplemental method for fat and wt. redn.)
ΙT
     Diet
        (supplements; for human fat and wt. redn.)
     57-00-1, Creatine 59-43-8, Thiamine, biological
ΙT
             59-67-6, Niacin, biological studies 83-88-5, Riboflavin,
     biological studies 127-17-3, Pyruvic acid, biological studies
     303-98-0, Coenzyme Q10 541-15-1, L-
     Carnitine 1200-22-2, .alpha.-Lipoic
           14639-25-9
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (in dietary supplemental method for fat and wt. redn.)
RE.CNT 28
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    HCAPLUS
(3) Beale; US 5716926 1998 HCAPLUS
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(11) de La Harpe; US 5948772 1999 HCAPLUS
(12) Engel; US 5976550 1999 HCAPLUS
(13) Fine; US 5962030 1999 HCAPLUS
(14) Gardiner; US 5817329 1998 HCAPLUS
(15) Gerth; US 5925377 1999 HCAPLUS
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(25) Scheer; Better Nutrition 1999, V61(4), P54
(26) Sinatra; Total Health 1997, V19(3), P22
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L86
    ANSWER 6 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2001:608885 HCAPLUS
ΑN
ΤI
     Nutrition and the heart
ΑU
     Jee Jeebhoy, K. N.; Sole, M. J.
     Department of Medicine, St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, ON, Can.
CS
SO
     Clin. Nutr. (2001), 20(Suppl. 1), 181-186
     CODEN: CLNUDP; ISSN: 0261-5614
PR
     Harcourt Publishers Ltd.
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     18 (Animal Nutrition)
AΒ
     Protein-energy malnutrition is assocd. with cardiac atrophy and adaptive
     redn. in cardiac output. Refeeding increases cardiac output and oxygen
     consumption. Rapid refeeding of severely malnourished patients can ppt.
     heart failure. Micronutrient deficiencies also contribute to cardiac
     dysfunction. Cardiac failure can cause wt. loss and malnutrition.
     most extreme degrees of cardiac malnutrition occur in patients with right
     heart failure and tricuspid incompetence. These patients have increased
     mortality but feeding protein and energy does not improve cardiac
     function. The hearts in patients with cardiac failure have mitochondrial
     dysfunction and these mitochondria are depleted of carnitine,
     coenzyme Q10 and taurine. The severity of depletion is
     related to the severity of heart failure. In controlled trials, repletion
     of carnitine and coenzyme Q10 improves
     outcome. Furthermore, in heart failure oxidative stress is increased and
     there may be thiamin deficiency. It is proposed that the nutritional
     therapy of heart failure should be directed to the replacement of
     carnitine, coenzyme Q10 and taurine as well as
     antioxidants and thiamin rather than protein-energy.
RE.CNT
       32
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L86
     ANSWER 7 OF 17 HEAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2001:597752 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     135:166304
     Nutritional supplements for aged pets
ΤI
IN
     Hamilton, Nathan D.
PA
     Juvenon, Inc., USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     ICM A23B005-14
IC
     17-12 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
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                      ____
                            _____
                            20010816
                                           WO 2001-US2713
                                                             20010125
    WO 2001058271
                       A1
         W: CA, JP
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, TR
     US 2001043983
                            20011122
                                           US 2001-770535
                                                             20010125
PRAI US 2000-178073
                       Ρ
                            20000125
     US 2000-223586
                       Ρ
                            20000807
     Disclosed herein are compns. to meet the needs of aged pets and other
     animals. Pet foods, pet treats and pet supplements with anti-aging
     effects are disclosed whose compns. include the R-.alpha.-
    lipoic acid in the amt. of 0.10 g to 1.5 g and L-
     carnitine in the amt. of 0.10 g to 3 g in addn. to the usual
            Optionally, coenzyme Q can be added in an amt.
     of at least 1 mg/day. Optionally, creatine can be added in an
     amt. of at least 0.2 g/day. These addnl. components fight age-related
     declines in mitochondrial function, which result in less energy and other
     signs of aging.
ST
     nutrition supplement pet aging
ΙT
     Antioxidants
        (in nutritional supplements for aged pets)
IT
     Ubiquinones
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (in nutritional supplements for aged pets)
IT
     Aging, animal
     Pet animal
        (nutritional supplements for aged pets)
IT
        (supplements; for aging pets)
IT
     541-15-1, L-Carnitine 1200-22-2,
     .alpha.-Lipoic acid
```

```
RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (in nutritional supplements for aged pets)
ΙT
     303-98-0, Coenzyme Q10
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (in nutritional supplements for aged pets)
RE.CNT
(1) Ames; US 5916912 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(2) Bertelli; US 4599232 A 1986 HCAPLUS
(3) Burtle; US 5030657 A 1991 HCAPLUS
(4) Gilbertson & Page; GB 2300103 A 1996 HCAPLUS
(5) Howard; US 5889055 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(6) Keene, B; DE 3904109 A 1989
(7) Kohnke, B; EP 0972451 A 2000 HCAPLUS
(8) Shug; US 4883672 A 1989 HCAPLUS
(9) Shug; US 5240961 A 1993 HCAPLUS
(10) The Iams Company; WO 0000039 A 2000 HCAPLUS
(11) Wolf; US 5989604 A 1999 HCAPLUS
    ANSWER 8 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L86
ΑN
     2001:545461 HCAPLUS
DN
     135:127168
TΙ
     Reduced form of coenzyme Q in highly bioavailable
     stable dosage forms
ΙN
     Chopra, Raj K.
PΑ
     USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     ICM A61K009-48
IC
     ICS A61K009-66; A61K009-64; A61K009-20
     63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 17, 62
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
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                            _____
                      Α1
                            20010726
                                           WO 2001-US1997
                                                            20010118
PT
     WO 2001052822
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2000-488332
                            20000120
                       Α
     US 2000-637559
                            20000811
os
     MARPAT 135:127168
     The present invention relates to a reduced form of coenzyme
AB
     Q also known as ubiquinol in a pharmaceutical or cosmetic dosage
     form, preferably an oral dosage form such as a gelatin capsule.
     according to the present invention show high bioavailability of the
     reduced form of Coenzyme Q. The present invention
     relates to storage stable compns. comprising effective amts. of ubiquinol
     in combination with an amt. of a reducing agent effective to maintain
     ubiquinol in its reduced state when formulated as in, e.g., capsules,
     tablets and other orally administrable form. A capsule formulation
     contained vitamin E acetate 6, hydroxylated lecithin 4,
     phosphatidylcholine 32, medium-chain triglyceride 20, Gelucire 30,
     coenzyme Q10 4, and ascorbyl palmitate 4%.
ST
     coenzyme Q reduced stable dosage form; ubiquinol
     stable dosage form; cosmetic coenzyme Q reduced
IT
     Brain, disease
```

```
(Alper's disease; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
    Muscle, disease
        (Kearns-Sayre syndrome; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg.
        ubiquinol)
TΤ
     Brain, disease
        (MELAS (mitochondrial myopathy, encephalopathy, lactic acidosis, and
        stroke-like episodes); bioavailable stable dosage forms contg.
        ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Algae
     Anticholesteremic agents
     Antihypertensives
     Blood pressure
     Dentifrices
     Hypercholesterolemia
     Hypoxia, animal
     Immune system
     Mouthwashes
     Solubilizers
     Surfactants
        (bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
TΤ
     Castor oil
     Coconut oil
     Cottonseed oil
     Flavonoids
     Linseed oil
     Palm oil
     Proanthocyanidins
     Rape oil
     Safflower oil
     Soybean oil
     Sunflower oil
     Tocopherols
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Rice (Oryza sativa)
        (bran; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (capsules, soft; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (capsules; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (chewing gums; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Cosmetics
        (creams; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Nervous system
        (degeneration; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Ketones, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (diketones, unsatd., curcuminoids; bioavailable stable dosage forms
        contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Periodontium
        (disease; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Bilberry
        (ext.; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Silybum marianum
        (exts.; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Heart, disease
        (failure; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (fish; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Eye, disease
        (hereditary optic atrophy; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg.
        ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Acidosis
```

(lactic; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)

```
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (lotions; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (lozenges; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Glycerides, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (medium-chain; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Brain, disease
        (mitochondrial encephalopathy; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg.
        ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (ointments, creams; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (parenterals; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Fatty acids, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polyunsatd., n-3; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Ubiquinones
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (reduced; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Bran
        (rice; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
     Brain, disease
IT
        (stroke; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (suppositories; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tablets; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (topical; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vegetable; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
     50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies 50-81-7D, Vitamin C, esters
ΙT
     52-90-4, L-Cysteine, biological studies 53-57-6, NADPH
                                                               56-81-5,
                                    57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological
     Glycerin, biological studies
              58-68-4, NADH
                             58-95-7, Vitamin E acetate 59-02-9,
     D-.alpha.-Tocopherol
                           59-02-9D, .alpha.-Tocopherol, esters
                                 68-26-8, Retinol
                                                     68-26-8D, Vitamin A,
     Ethanol, biological studies
             70-18-8, Reduced glutathione, biological studies
     Riboflavin, biological studies
                                      98-92-0, Niacinamide
                                                            116-31-4, Retinal
     127-40-2, Lutein 127-47-9, Retinol acetate
                                                   137-66-6, Ascorbyl
                144-68-3, Zeaxanthin
                                        151-21-3, Sodium lauryl sulfate,
     palmitate
     biological studies
                         302-79-4, Retinoic acid
                                                    302-79-4D, Retinoic acid,
     esters 303-98-0, Coenzyme Q10
                                     432-70-2,
                       472-61-7, Astaxanthin
                                                501-36-0, Resveratrol
     .alpha.-Carotene
     502-65-8, Lycopene 541-15-1, L-Carnitine
                       992-78-9, Reduced Coenzyme Q10
     N-Acetylcysteine
     1200-22-2D, .alpha.-Lipoic acid,
               1338-43-8, Span 80 1406-18-4, Vitamin E
                                                           1406-18-4D, Vitamin
     E, esters 3040-38-8, Acetyl L-carnitine 6829-55-6D,
     Tocotrienol, derivs.
                           7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene
                                                        7439-95-4, Magnesium,
     biological studies 7439-96-5, Manganese, biological studies
     Zinc, biological studies
                                7782-49-2, Selenium, biological studies
     9005-65-6, Tween 80
                          20064-19-1, Propionyl L-carnitine
     73573-88-3, Mevastatin
                              75330-75-5, Lovastatin
                                                       79902-63-9, Simvastatin
     81093-37-0, Pravastatin
                              93957-54-1, Fluvastatin
                                                         93957-55-2,
                     220349-64-4, L-Carnitine fumarate, biological
     Fluindostatin
     studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
IT
     9028-35-7, HMG-CoA reductase
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (inhibitors; bioavailable stable dosage forms contg. ubiquinol)
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RE.CNT 2
(1) Borowy-Borowski; US 6045826 A 2000 HCAPLUS
(2) Pozzi; US 4869900 A 1989 HCAPLUS
    ANSWER 9 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L86
AN
    2001:338345 HCAPLUS
DN
    134:336228
TΙ
    Method using carnitine and an antioxidant for treating
    benign forgetfulness
ΙN
    Hamilton, Nathan
PΑ
    Juvenon, Inc., USA
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
    ICM A61K031-205
    1-11 (Pharmacology)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                          -----
                                         WO 2000-US30571
PT
    WO 2001032168
                     A1 20010510
                                                          20001102
        W: CA, JP
        RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
    PT, SE, TR
                      B1 200201017
    US 6335361
                                          US 2000-706207
                                                           20001102
PRAI US 1999-163352
                     P-----19991103
    US 2000-223167 P
                           20000807
    Methods are disclosed to treat cognition disorders, particularly those
AB
    assocd. with aging. The method comprises administering a combination of a
    carnitine and an antioxidant. Preferably the
    antioxidant is thioctic acid. Preferably
    0.12-3 g of carnitine (particularly acetyl-L-carnitine
     ) and 0.12-1.5 g of R-.alpha.-lipoic acid
    are administered. Optionally, coenzyme Q and/or
    creatine also are administered. Preferably 10-500 mg/day of
    coenzyme Q10 and 1-30 g/day of creatine are
    administered. The same method can be used to treat cognition deficits
    assocd. with carbon monoxide poisoning, mild traumatic brain injury, Type
     2 diabetes mellitus, obsessive-compulsive disorder, environmental toxin
    exposure, and other conditions.
    forgetfulness cognition disorder antioxidant carnitine
     ; lipoic acid carnitine forgetfulness
    cognition disorder; thioctic acid carnitine
     forgetfulness cognition disorder; acetylcarnitine
     antioxidant forgetfulness cognition disorder; coenzyme
    Q antioxidant forgetfulness cognition disorder;
    creatine antioxidant forgetfulness cognition disorder
ΙT
    Aging, animal
    Cognition enhancers
        (carnitine and antioxidant for treating cognition
        disorders)
IT
    Ubiquinones
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carnitine and antioxidant for treating cognition
        disorders)
IT
     Environmental pollution
        (environmental toxin exposure; carnitine and
        antioxidant for treating cognition disorders)
IT.
    Brain, disease
        (injury, mild traumatic brain injury; carnitine and
        antioxidant for treating cognition disorders)
IT
     Diabetes mellitus
        (non-insulin-dependent; carnitine and antioxidant
        for treating cognition disorders)
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IT
     Mental disorder
        (obsession-compulsion; carnitine and antioxidant
        for treating cognition disorders)
IT
     Antioxidants
        (pharmaceutical; carnitine and antioxidant for
        treating cognition disorders)
     57-00-1, Creatine 303-98-0, Coenzyme
IT
     Q10 541-15-1, Carnitine 1200-22-2,
     (R)-.alpha.-Lipoic acid
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carnitine and antioxidant for treating cognition
        disorders)
     630-08-0, Carbon monoxide, biological studies
TT
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (poisoning; carnitine and antioxidant for treating
        cognition disorders)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Cavazza; US 4346107-A -1-982-HCAPLUS-
(2) Wiegand; US 3810994 A 1974 HCAPLUS
    ANSWER 10 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L86
AN
     2001:228740 HCAPLUS
DN
     134:251564
ΤI
     Nutritional supplement for increased energy and stamina
IN
     Hamilton, Nathan
PA
     Juvenon Corporation, USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K047-00
     17-7 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 18
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
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                            _____
                                           _____
PΙ
     WO 2001021208
                      A1
                            20010329
                                           WO 2000-US24803 20000908
         W: AU, CA, JP
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
PRAI US 1999-156028
                       Ρ
                            19990923
     US 2000-223465
                       Ρ
                            20000807
     Disclosed are nutritional supplements for humans and pets. Nutritional
AB
     beverages, instant powders, puddings and bars include R-.alpha.-
     lipoic acid, at 0.12-1.5 g and L-carnitine, at
     0.12-3 g, in addn. to the usual components.
                                                  Optionally, coenzyme
     Q and/or creatine also are added. These addnl.
     components fight age-related declines in mitochondrial function which
     result in less energy and other signs of aging.
ST
     nutritional supplement antiaging human pet
ΙT
     Aging, animal
        (anti-aging nutritional supplement for increased energy and stamina)
ΙT
     Pet animal
        (nutritional supplement for increased energy and stamina)
IT
     Ubiquinones
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nutritional supplement for increased energy and stamina contg.)
ΙT
        (supplements; nutritional supplement for increased energy and stamina)
ΙT
     57-00-1, Creatine 541-15-1, L-
     Carnitine 1200-22-2, R-.alpha.-Lipoic
     acid
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nutritional supplement for increased energy and stamina contg.)
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RE.CNT 2
(1) Maxwell; US 6063432 A 2000 HCAPLUS
(2) Rollins; US 6110511 A 2000 HCAPLUS
    ANSWER 11 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
1.86
     2001:13549 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     134:221809
TΙ
     Conditioned nutritional requirements and the pathogenesis and treatment of
     myocardial failure
ΑU
     Sole, Michael J.; Jeejeebhoy, Khursheed N.
CS
     Divisions of Cardiology and Gastroenterology, Department of Medicine,
     University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Can.
     Curr. Opin. Clin. Nutr. Metab. Care (2000), 3(6), 417-424
SO
     CODEN: COCMF3; ISSN: 1363-1950
PB
     Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
DT
     Journal; General Review
LA
     English
CC
     18-0 (Animal Nutrition)
AB
     A commentary and review with 77 refs. The majority of symptomatic
     patients with congestive heart failure have been shown to be significantly
     malnourished. Myocardial and skeletal muscle energy reserves are also
     diminished. Total daily energy expenditure in these patients is less than
     that in control individuals, and high protein-calorie feeds do
     not reverse the abnormalities; thus, the wasting that occurs in patients
     with congestive heart failure is metabolic rather than because of neg.
     protein-calorie balance. Several specific deficiencies have been
     found in the failing myocardium: a redn. in the content of L-
     carnitine, coenzyme Q10, creatine
     and thiamine, nutrient cofactors that are important for myocardial energy
     prodn.; a relative deficiency of taurine, an amino acid
     that is integral to the modulation of intracellular calcium levels; and an
     increase in myocardial oxidative stress, and a redn. of both endogenous
     and exogenous antioxidant defences. In addn., these processes
     may influence skeletal muscle metab. and function. Cellular nutritional
     requirements conditioned by metabolic abnormalities in heart failure are
     important considerations in the pathogenesis of the skeletal and cardiac
     muscle dysfunction. A comprehensive restoration of adequate myocyte
     nutrition would seem to be essential to any therapeutic strategy designed
     to benefit patients suffering from this disease.
ST
     review nutrition heart failure
TΤ
     Heart, disease
        (attack; conditioned nutritional requirements and the pathogenesis and
        treatment of myocardial failure)
IT
     Energy metabolism, animal
     Heart
     Nutrition, animal
     Oxidative stress, biological
        (conditioned nutritional requirements and the pathogenesis and
        treatment of myocardial failure)
IT
     Heart, disease
        (failure; conditioned nutritional requirements and the pathogenesis and
        treatment of myocardial failure)
IT
     Malnutrition
        (protein-energy; conditioned nutritional requirements and the
        pathogenesis and treatment of myocardial failure)
IT
     57-00-1, Creatine
                         59-43-8, Thiamine, biological
               107-35-7, Taurine 303-98-0, Coenzyme
     studies
     g10 541-15-1, Carnitine
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
     process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (conditioned nutritional requirements and the pathogenesis and
        treatment of myocardial failure)
RE.CNT
        77
RE
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L86
     ANSWER 12 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2000:351364 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     132:352828
DN
ΤI
     Antioxidant composition comprising propionyl L-carnitine
     and a flavonoid against thrombosis and atherosclerosis
IN
     Cavazza, Claudio
PA
     Sigma-Tau Healthscience S.p.A., Italy
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-22
     ICS A61K031-205; A61K035-78; A23L001-302; A23L001-30; A23L001-304
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 18
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                            -----
                                            -----
                            20000525
                                           WO 1999-IT351
                                                            19991105
PΙ
     WO 2000028986
                      A1
             AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
             JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
             TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
             MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
             DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     IT 1302863
                       B1
                            20001010
                                           IT 1998-RM706
                                                            19981113
     EP 1128822
                       Α1
                            20010905
                                           EP 1999-956311
                                                            19991105
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     NO 2001002338
                            20010511
                                           NO 2001-2338
                                                            20010511
                       Α
PRAI IT 1998-RM706
                       Α
                            19981113
     WO 1999-IT351
                       W
                            19991105
     A compn. is disclosed which comprises as characterizing active ingredients
     propionyl L-carnitine and a flavonoid, typically quercetin or
     its 3-rutinoside, rutin, for the prevention and/or therapeutic treatment
     of various alterations and pathol. states induced by free radicals and by
     thrombotic or atherosclerotic abnormalities, that may take the form of a
     dietary supplement, dietetic support or of an actual medicine.
     example, a dietary supplement or medicament in unit dosage forms comprises
     propionyl L-carnitine 125, quercetin 125, citroflavonoids 150,
     vitamin C 100, rutin 20, CoQ10 10, vitamin E 5, .beta.-carotene 5, Mn
     glycinate 5, Zn glycinate 5, Mg glycinate 20 mg, and selenium methionine
     50 .mu.g.
     antioxidant propionylcarnitine flavonoid dietary
ST
     supplement; thrombosis atherosclerosis prevention carnitine
     flavonoid
IT
     Antiarteriosclerotics
        (antiatherosclerotics; antioxidant compn. contg. L-
        carnitine deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and
        atherosclerosis)
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ΙT

Anticoaqulants

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Antioxidants
     Platelet aggregation inhibitors
     Radical scavengers
        (antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine deriv. and
        flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
IT
    Coenzymes
     Flavonoids
    Minerals, biological studies
     Vitamins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine deriv. and
        flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (capsules; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
        deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (granules; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
       deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (lozenges; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
       deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (ophthalmic; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
        deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine deriv.
        and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (parenterals; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
        deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
TT
     Drug delivery systems
        (rectal; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
       deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
ΙT
        (supplement for; antioxidant compn. contg. L-
        carnitine deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and
       atherosclerosis)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (syrups; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
        deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tablets; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
       deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (transdermal; antioxidant compn. contg. L-carnitine
        deriv. and flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
                                              117-39-5, Quercetin
     50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies
IT
     Rutin 303-98-0, CoQ10
                            529-44-2, Myricetin 541-15-1,
                   1406-18-4, Vitamin E
    L-Carnitine
                                         1464-42-2, Selenium
    methionine 3040-38-8, Acetyl L-carnitine
                                                7235-40-7,
     .beta.-Carotene
                      14281-77-7
                                    14281-83-5, Zinc glycinate
     17912-87-7, Myricitrin
                              20064-19-1, PropionylL-carnitine
     31023-24-2, Isovaleryl L-carnitine
                                         40225-14-7, Valeryl L-
     carnitine
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antioxidant compn. contq. L-carnitine deriv. and
        flavonoids against thrombosis and atherosclerosis)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Anon; URL:http://www.1nutrition.com/products/Labrada/kwik burn.htm 2000
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L86
    ANSWER 13 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2000:161085 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     132:179851
ΤI
    Antioxidant composition comprising acetyl L-carnitine
     and .alpha.-lipoic acid
IN
     Cavazza, Claudio
     Sigma-Tau Healthscience S.P.A., Italy
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
     ICM A23L001-30
IC
     ICS A23L001-302; A61K031-585; A61K031-385; A61K031-205
     17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
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ΡI
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                       Α1
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             CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN,
             IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG,
             MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL,
             TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,
             KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                            20000905
                                           IT 1998-RM566
                                                             19980901
     AU 9953871
                       Α1
                            20000321
                                           AU 1999-53871
                                                             19990819
     BR 9913288
                       Α
                            20010522
                                           BR 1999-13288
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                       Α1
                            20010704
                                           EP 1999-939612
                                                             19990819
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             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     NO 2001000954
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                            20010425
                                           NO 2001-954
                                                             20010226
PRAI IT 1998-RM566
                       A
                            19980901
    WO 1999-IT268
                       W
                            19990819
AB
    A compn. is disclosed which comprises as characterizing active ingredients
     acetyl L-carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic
     acid, for the prevention and/or therapeutic treatment of various
     alterations and pathol. states induced by free radicals, that may take the
     form of a dietary supplement, dietetic support or of an actual medicine.
ST
     acetylcarnitine lipoate antioxidant diet radical
     damage
IT
    Antioxidants
     Capsules
     Diabetes mellitus
     Drops
     Drugs
     Environmental pollution
     Food additives
     Syrups (sweetening agents)
     Tablets
     Vials
        (antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-carnitine
        and .alpha.-lipoic acid)
IT
     Coenzymes
     Mineral elements, biological studies
     Vitamins
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-carnitine
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and .alpha.-lipoic acid)
TT
     Drug delivery systems
        (capsules; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
TΤ
        (dietetic; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
ΙT
     Metabolism, animal
        (disorder, in glucose metab.; antioxidant compn. comprising
        acetyl L-carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic
        acid)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (granules; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
TT
     Reperfusion
        (injury; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
ΙT
     Brain, disease
     Heart, disease
        (ischemia; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
     Drug delivery systems
ΙT
        (lozenges; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
IT
     Nerve, disease
        (neuropathy, toxic; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (parenterals; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha. -lipoic acid
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (rectal; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (syrups; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tablets; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (transdermal; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
IT
     50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies
                                               107-35-7, Taurine
     303-98-0, CoQ10 541-15-1, L-Carnitine
     541-15-1D, L-Carnitine, salts 557-04-0, Magnesium
                                      1406-18-4,
     stearate 1200-22-2, Lipoic acid
                 1464-42-2, Selenomethionine 3040-38-8, Acetyl L-
     Vitamin E
                                              14281-83-5, Zinc
                 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene
     carnitine
                                                      31023-24-2,
                 20064-19-1, Propionyl L-carnitine
     glycinate
     Isovaleryl L-carnitine 40225-14-7, Valeryl L-carnitine
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-carnitine
        and .alpha.-lipoic acid)
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50-99-7, D-Glucose, biological studies
IT
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (metabolic disorders; antioxidant compn. comprising acetyl L-
        carnitine and .alpha.-lipoic acid
RE.CNT 8
RE
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L86
    ANSWER 14 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ΑN
     2000:33527 HCAPLUS
DN
     132:83671
ΤI
     Creatine-containing formulations
ΙN
     Seyerl, Joachim
PA
     SKW Trostberg A.-G., Germany
SO
     Ger. Offen., 6 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
IC
     ICM A61K031-195
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 17
FAN.CNT 1
                    KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                           -----
                           20000113
PΙ
     DE 19830768
                      A1
                                          DE 1998-19830768 19980709
     Pharmaceutical formulations for treatment of muscular dystrophy and other
AB
     myopathies, as well as nutritional supplements, are provided which contain
     creatine or a salt thereof 0.1-10 g, .gtoreq.1 neurotransmitter or
     precursor thereof 2 mg-8 g, .alpha.-lipoic
     acid 0.3-3 g, and optionally L-carnitine or a salt
     thereof 0.8-1 g and/or coenzyme Q10 50-150 mg (all
     amts. refer to daily doses). Creatine contributes to muscle energy metab.
     through its conversion to phosphocreatine. Neurotransmitters and assocd.
     compds. such as choline and taurine improve nerve and muscle function;
     hypericin, an MAO inhibitor, functions as an antidepressant.
     alpha.-Lipoic acid and L-carnitine
     act as hypolipemic agents. The formulations synergistically improve
     muscle strength and efficiency in patients with muscular dystrophy or
     atrophy without side effects. Thus, a medicinal tea contained creatine
     pyruvate 5000, carnitine 500, taurine 500, choline 500, .
     alpha.-lipoic acid 500, St. John's wort ext.
     (contg. 0.3 wt.% hypericin) 300, and sucrose 200 mg.
     muscular dystrophy creatine neurotransmitter lipoate; atrophy muscular
ST
     carnitine coenzyme Q10; choline muscular
     dystrophy
IT
     Muscle, disease
     Muscular dystrophy
     St.-John's-wort (Hypericum perforatum)
        (creatine-contg. formulations)
IT
     Neurotransmitters
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); FFD (Food or
     feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (creatine-contg. formulations)
TΤ
     Drug interactions
        (synergistic; creatine-contg. formulations)
     57-00-1, Creatine 60-18-4, L-Tyrosine, biological studies
ΙT
              107-35-7, Taurine 303-98-0, Coenzyme
     62-49-7
     Q10 541-15-1, L-Carnitine 548-04-9,
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Hypericin 1200-22-2, .alpha.-Lipoic
           4350-09-8
                       6645-46-1, L-Carnitine hydrochloride
     36687-82-8, L-Carnitine tartrate 208535-04-0 220349-64-4, L-
    Carnitine fumarate, biological studies
                                            253786-77-5, biological
     studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); FFD (Food or
     feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (creatine-contg. formulations)
    ANSWER 15 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
    1999:705000 HCAPLUS
    131:314225
    Mitochondrial function-enhancing nutritional supplement for improvement of
    auditory function
    Seidman, Michael D.
    USA
    U.S., 7 pp.
    CODEN: USXXAM
    Patent
    English
    ICM A61K031-385
    ICS A61K031-205
    514440000
    63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
    Section cross-reference(s): 17
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     ______
    US 5977162
                    Α
                          19991102
                                         US 1997-931134
                                                         19970916
PRAI US 1996-26162
                           19960916
    A nutritional supplement for enhancing mitochondrial function in cells
    includes 10-1000 mg of alpha-lipoic acid,
    10-1000 mg acetyl-L-carnitine, 15-360 mg coenzyme
    Q-10, and 15-360 mg glutathione. The compn. may further comprise
    a carrier for these components such as a liq. or tablet for oral ingestion
    on a daily basis.
    hearing nutritional supplement
    Nutrition, animal
        (dietary supplements for; mitochondrial function-enhancing nutritional
       supplement for improvement of auditory function)
    Drug delivery systems
        (ligs.; mitochondrial function-enhancing nutritional supplement for
       improvement of auditory function)
    Hearing
    Mitochondria
        (mitochondrial function-enhancing nutritional supplement for
       improvement of auditory function)
    Drug delivery systems
        (tablets; mitochondrial function-enhancing nutritional supplement for
       improvement of auditory function)
    70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies 303-98-0,
    Coenzyme q10 1200-22-2, .alpha.
    Lipoic acid 3040-38-8, Acetyl L
    carnitine
                7491-74-9, Piracetam
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); PEP (Physical,
    engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
    study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (mitochondrial function-enhancing nutritional supplement for
       improvement of auditory function)
RE.CNT
       78
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(5) Anon; EP 0628849 A1 1994 HCAPLUS
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RE

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     ANSWER 16 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L86
     1998:682101 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     129:302076
ΤI
     Nutritional composition for improvements in cell energetics
IN
     Sole, Michael J.; Jeejeebhoy, Khursheed N.
PA
     Can.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-00
CC
     18-2 (Animal Nutrition)
     Section cross-reference(s): 13, 14, 63
FAN.CNT 3
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
                                           WO 1998-CA286
ΡI
     WO 9843617
                       A2
                            19981008
                                                             19980325
     WO 9843617
                      A3
                            19981217
             AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
         W:
             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
             LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US,
             UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,
             FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,
             GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                            20000627
                                            US 1998-2765
                                                             19980106
     US 6080788
                       Α
     AU 9867153
                            19981022
                                           AU 1998-67153
                                                             19980325
                       Α1
     AU 739353
                       B2
                            20011011
     EP 969744
                       A2
                            20000112
                                            EP 1998-912176
                                                             19980325
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     BR 9808088
                       A
                            20000308
                                            BR 1998-8088
                                                             19980325
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PRAI US 1997-826234

Α

19970327

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US 1998-2765
                       Α
                            19980106
     WO 1998-CA286
                            19980325
                       W
AB
     This invention provides a dietary supplement comprising L-
     Carnitine (or its functional analogs such as Acetyl-
     Carnitine or Propionyl-L-Carnitine), Coenzyme
     Q10 and Taurine useful in the correction of the abnormality in
     mitochondrial energetics seen in cardiac failure and certain other
     diseases. In one preferred embodiment of the invention, a high
    protein, high calorie nutritional feeding supplement comprising
     the three aforementioned nutrients together with one or more of Cysteine,
     Creatine, Vitamin E (RRR-d-alpha-tocopherol), Vitamin C (ascorbic
     acid), Selenium, and Thiamin is provided.
ST
    mitochondria energy metab heart disease diet; heart disease diet therapy
     carnitine deriv; antioxidant carnitine heart
     disease diet therapy
ΙT
    AIDS (disease)
    Antitumor agents
    Cachexia
     Cardiovascular diseases
     Chemotherapy
     Chronic fatigue syndrome
     Dairy products
     Exercise
     Heart diseases
     Heart failure
     Immunological diseases
     Immunosuppressants
     Kidney diseases
     Nerve degeneration
     Oxidative stress (biological)
     Soybean products
     Stroke
     Tumors (animal)
        (carnitine-contg. nutritional compn. for improvements in cell
        energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment)
ΙT
     Diseases (animal)
        (chronic multisystem; carnitine-contg. nutritional compn. for
        improvements in cell energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment)
ΙT
     Aging (animal)
        (disorders; carnitine-contg. nutritional compn. for
        improvements in cell energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment)
ΙT
     Neuromuscular transmission
        (enhancers; carnitine-contq. nutritional compn. for
        improvements in cell energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment)
IT
        (health bars; carnitine-contg. nutritional compn. for
        improvements in cell energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment)
ΙT
     Lung diseases
        (obstructive; carnitine-contg. nutritional compn. for
        improvements in cell energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment)
ΙT
     Muscle diseases
        (respiratory fatigue; carnitine-contg. nutritional compn. for
        improvements in cell energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment)
ΙT
     Diseases (animal)
        (wasting; carnitine-contg. nutritional compn. for
        improvements in cell energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment)
IT
     50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies
                                              52-90-4, L-Cysteine, biological
     studies 57-00-1, Creatine
                                 59-02-9,
     d-.alpha.-Tocopherol
                            59-43-8, Thiamin, biological studies
                                                                    107-35-7,
     Taurine 303-98-0, Coenzyme Q10
     541-15-1, L-Carnitine 3040-38-8, Acetyl-
                                                            20064-19-1,
     Carnitine
                 7782-49-2, Selenium, biological studies
     Propionyl-L-Carnitine
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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(carnitine-contg. nutritional compn. for improvements in cell

energetics, esp. for cardiac failure treatment) L86 ANSWER 17 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1981:173200 HCAPLUS ANDN 94:173200 ΤI Toward a "bio-energy supplement" - a prototype for functional orthomolecular supplementation ΑU McCarty, Mark F. CS San Diego, CA, 92116, USA SO Med. Hypotheses (1981), 7(4), 515-38 CODEN: MEHYDY; ISSN: 0306-9877 DT Journal; General Review LA English CC 18-0 (Animal Nutrition) AB 👩 A review with 132 refs. A broad-spectrum approach to the nutritional optimization of bioenergetics is discussed as a specific example of the principle of functional orthomol. supplementation. Exptl. and clin. studies with metavitamins, such as lipoic acid, carnitine, coenzyme Q, and creatine, and mitochondrial antioxidants indicate that many nutritional agents involved in bioenergetics are often functionally subsatd. ST review diet supplement IT Animal nutrition Diet (supplements for improvement of) => fil wpix FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 08:10:27 ON 08 JAN 2002 COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD FILE LAST UPDATED: 05 JAN 2002 <20020105/UP> MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE 200201 <200201/DW> DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE SDI'S MAY BE RUN ON EVERY UPDATE OR MONTHLY AS OF JUNE 2001. (EVERY UPDATE IS THE DEFAULT). FOR PRICING INFORMATION SEE HELP COST <<< >>> FOR UP-TO-DATE INFORMATION ABOUT THE DERWENT CHEMISTRY RESOURCE, PLEASE VISIT http://www.derwent.com/chemistryresource/index.html <<< >>> FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES, SEE http://www.derwent.com/dwpi/updates/dwpicov/index.html <<< => d all abeq tech tot 1122 COPYRIGHT 2002 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD L122 ANSWER 1 OF 7 WPIX AN 2001-496948 [54] WPIX DNC C2001-149295 ТT Pet food, treat, and supplement for dogs, cats, horses, fish, birds, and other animals, includes antioxidant and carnitine. DC D13 IN HAMILTON, N D PA (HAMI-I) HAMILTON N D; (JUVE-N) JUVENON INC CYC

W: CA JP US 2001043983 A1 20011122 (200176) A23K001-165 WO 2001058271 A1 WO 2001-US2713 20010125; US 2001043983 A1 Provisional US ADT 2000-178073P 20000125, Provisional US 2000-223586P 20000807, US 2001-770535 20010125

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

19p

A23B005-14

WO 2001058271 A1 20010816 (200154) \* EN

PΙ

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PRAI US 2000-223586P 20000807; US 2000-178073P 20000125; US 2001-770535
     20010125
IC
     ICM A23B005-14; A23K001-165
     WO 200158271 A UPAB: 20010924
AB
     NOVELTY - Pet food, treat, and supplement comprises antioxidant
     and carnitine. The pet food also comprises carbohydrate
     , protein, fat, and fiber. The pet treat
     also includes energy source(s) and flavors.
          USE - For dogs, cats, horses, fish, birds, and other animals.
          ADVANTAGE - The invention has anti-aging properties and increases
     energy and stamina with fewer calories.
     Dwg.0/0
FS
     CPI
FA
     AΒ
MC
     CPI: D03-G01
TECH
                    UPTX: 20010924
     TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Component: The
     carnitine is acetyl-carnitine (0.1-3 g).
     The antioxidant is R-alpha-lipoic acid (0.1-1.5 \text{ g}). Optionally a
     coenzyme Q10 at a dose of at least 1 mg/day and
     creatine at a dose of at least 0.2 (g/d) are added.
L122 ANSWER 2 OF 7 WPIX
                           COPYRIGHT 2002
                                            DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
AN
     2001-335777 [35]
DNC
    C2001-103704
ΤI
     Method for treating cognition disorders, particularly related to aging, by
     administering an antioxidant, a carnitine and
     optionally coenzyme Q and/or creatine.
DC
     B05
ΙN
     HAMILTON, N
PA
     (JUVE-N) JUVENON INC
CYC
    21
                                              23p
ΡI
     WO 2001032168 A1 20010510 (200135) * EN
                                                      A61K031-205
        RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR
         W: CA JP
    WO 2001032168 A1 WO 2000-US30571 20001102
ADT
PRAI US 2000-223167P 20000807; US 1999-163352P 19991103
IC
     ICM A61K031-205
ΆB
     WO 200132168 A UPAB: 20010625
     NOVELTY - The use of a combination of the micronutrients carnitine
     and an antioxidant, and optionally coenzyme Q
     and/or creatine, for treating cognition disorders is new.
          ACTIVITY - Neuroprotective; antioxidant; antidiabetic;
     tranquilizer; antidote; respiratory.
          No details for tests of neuroprotective activity are given.
          MECHANISM OF ACTION - Restore mitochondrial function.
          USE - For treating memory deficits associated with aging, type 2
     diabetes mellitus, obsessive-compulsive disorder or environmental toxins;
     mild traumatic brain injury; or carbon monoxide poisoning (claimed).
     Dwg.0/0
FS
     CPI
FA
     AB; DCN
     CPI: B04-L02; B07-B03; B10-A17; B10-A22; B14-J01A4; B14-K01;
MC
          B14-M01; B14-N16; B14-S04; B14-S08
TECH
                    UPTX: 20010625
     TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Method: Preferably 0.12-3 q
     carnitine, particularly acetyl-L-carnitine, is
     administered with 0.25-1.5 g antioxidant, preferably
     R-alpha-lipoic acid. The coenzyme Q, preferably
     coenzyme Q10, is administered in an amount of 10-500
     mg/day, and creatine in an amount of 1-3g/day.
L122 ANSWER 3 OF 7 WPIX
                           COPYRIGHT 2002
                                             DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
AN
     2001-281582 [29]
                        WPIX
DNC
    C2001-085568
TΤ
     Food bar with antiaging properties comprises antioxidant and
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carnitine to restore age-related mitochondrial function and
     metabolic activity in older subjects and carbohydrate, total
     fat and flavors.
     B05 C03 D13
DC
ΙN
     HAMILTON, N
PA
     (JUVE-N) JUVENON CORP
CYC
     21
PΙ
     WO 2001021208 A1 20010329 (200129) * EN
                                              19p
                                                      A61K047-00
        RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
         W: AU CA JP
     AU 2000078282 A 20010424 (200141)
                                                      A61K047-00
     WO 2001021208 A1 WO 2000-US24803 20000908; AU 2000078282 A AU 2000-78282
ADT
     20000908
     AU 2000078282 A Based on WO 200121208
FDT
PRAI US 2000-223465P 20000807; US 1999-156028P 19990923
IC
     ICM A61K047-00
AB
     WO 200121208 A UPAB: 20010528
     NOVELTY - 75 g Food bar with anti-aging properties comprises:
     (a) antioxidant;
          (b) carnitine to contribute to restoration of age-related
     mitochondrial function and metabolic activity in older individuals;
          (c) carbohydrate in an amount to provide 100 calories;
          (d) total fat in an to provide 50 calories and
     (e) flavors.
          ACTIVITY - Anabolic..
          MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.
          USE - The food bar is used to provide anti-aging properties (claimed)
     and as a nutritional supplement to increase energy and stamina,
     particularly in subjects with deficient mitochondrial metabolism. The food
     bar is used to treat age-related decline in mitochondrial function that
     results in less energy and other signs of aging.
          ADVANTAGE - The food bar increases energy and stamina with fewer
     calories.
     Dwa.0/0
FS
     CPI
FΑ
     AB; DCN
     CPI: B04-B01B; B04-D01; B05-A01B; B07-B03; B10-A06; B10-A17; B10-A22;
MC
          B14-E11; C04-B01B; C04-D01; C05-A01B; C07-B03; C10-A06; C10-A17;
          C10-A22; C14-E11; D03-H01
TECH
                    UPTX: 20010528
     TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred composition: (a) Comprises
     R-alpha-lipoic acid in an amount of 0.25-1.5 q. (b) Comprises Alcar (RTM:
     acetyl-L-carnitine) in an amount of 0.5-3 g.
     The composition also comprises coenzyme Q, preferably
     100 mg of coenzyme Q10, or an effective amount of
     creatine (sic), preferably 5 g. The composition contains water to
     solubilize (a)-(e) to provide a nutritional beverage.
     The composition is in the form of a dried antiaging beverage mix.
                           COPYRIGHT 2002
                                             DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
L122 ANSWER 4 OF 7 WPIX
     2001-281427 [29]
AN
                        WPIX
DNC
     C2001-085506
ΤI
     Reduced particle sized L-carnitine useful as dietary
     supplements, as a cofactor for weight control, dietary supplement for
     sport nutrition, vegetarian nutrition, animal nutrition or veterinary
     nutrition.
DC
     B05 D13
IN
     HASSEN, K
PA
     (HASS-I) HASSEN K
CYC
     WO 2001017525 A1 20010315 (200129)* EN
                                                      A61K031-205
PΙ
                                               15p
        RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ
            NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW
         W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM
            DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC
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LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE

SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW AU 2000073470 A 20010410 (200137) A61K031-205 WO 2001017525 A1 WO 2000-US24279 20000905; AU 2000073470 A AU 2000-73470 ADT 20000905 FDTAU 2000073470 A Based on WO 200117525 PRAI US 1999-158245P 19991008; US 1999-152240P 19990903 ICM A61K031-205 IC AB WO 200117525 A UPAB: 20010528 NOVELTY - L-carnitine with a particle size such that it passes through a 100 USBS mesh sieve (I), is new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for: (1) a method for preparing (I) comprises (i) subjecting (I) to size reduction; and (ii) subjecting the size-reduced (I) to sieving through a 100 USBS mesh sieve and selecting that portion which passes through the sieve. (2) a composition comprising (I) and a excipient or carrier (II). ACTIVITY - Anoretic No biological data give. MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given. USE - The invention is useful as a dietary supplements, as a cofactor for weight control, and as a dietary supplement for sport nutrition, vegetarian nutrition, animal nutrition and veterinary nutrition. It especially for facilitating the metabolism of lipids. ADVANTAGE - The reduced size L-carnitine exhibits reduced hygroscopicity and increased bioavailability upon oral administration. The compound of the invention is certified 'BSE Safe' since it contains no animal products and is based on chemical synthesis, there is an avoidance of potential health risks and unnecessary consumption of unknown organisms, it requires no reworking (regranulation conditioning), and has low production costs, labor and environmental exposure. Dwg.0/0 FS CPI FΑ AB; DCN MC CPI: B05-A01B; B10-A22; B10-C02; B14-E11; B14-F06; D03-G UPTX: 20010528 TECH TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: (I) is selected from L-carnitine, alkanoyl L-carnitines, or their salts. Compositions can further comprise hydroxycitric acid, Coenzyme Q10, chromium picolinate, resveratrol, antioxidants, vitamins, omega 3 acids or gamma-linolenic acid. L122 ANSWER 5 OF 7 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2002 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD 2001-159590 [16] AN WPIX DNC C2001-047495 ΤI Composition for reducing muscle fatigue comprising L-carnitine and creatinol phosphate. DC B05 D13 IN CAVAZZA, C PΑ (SIGT) SIGMA-TAU HEALTHSCIENCE SPA CYC 92 PΙ 16p WO 2001006873 A1 20010201 (200116) \* EN A23L001-302 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW AU 2000064687 A 20010213 (200128) A23L001-302 WO 2001006873 A1 WO 2000-IT308 20000721; AU 2000064687 A AU 2000-64687 ADT 20000721 AU 2000064687 A Based on WO 200106873 FDT PRAI IT 1999-RM467 19990723 IC ICM A23L001-302 ICS A61K031-205 WO 200106873 A UPAB: 20010323 AB NOVELTY - A dietary supplement or medicament for the prevention and

treatment of muscular energy deficiencies, asthenia, muscle fatigue, heart fatigue and post-infarct conditions comprises L-carnitine and/or at least one alkanoyl L-carnitine and creatinol phosphate. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A composition comprises: (a) at least one carnitine selected from Lcarnitine, acetyl L-carnitine, propionyl Lcarnitine, butyryl L-carnitine, valeryl Lcarnitine, and isovaleryl L-carnitine, or a salt; and (b) creatinol phosphate or a salt. ACTIVITY - Relaxant. MECHANISM OF ACTION - Carnitine helps in the formation of Adenosine Triphosphate (ATP) and have anti-oxidant activity; creatinol-phosphate helps in ATP synthesis. USE - For treating muscular energy deficiencies, asthenia, muscle fatigue, heart fatigue, and post-infarct conditions, and for enhancing sporting performances (all claimed). ADVANTAGE - L-carnitine and creatinol phosphate act synergistically e.g. Adenosine Triphosphate (ATP) concentration in rabbit papillary muscle before hypoxia was 1.49, and 0.39 mol/g tissue after hypoxia, in the control. The corresponding figures for rabbits treated with 100 mg/kg L-carnitine alone were 1.53 and 0.48; with 100 mg/kg creatinol phosphate alone were 1.55 and 0.68; with L-carnitine and creatinol phosphate together were 1.60 and 1.18, showing the synergistic effect. Using creatinol -phosphate instead of **creatine** phosphate provides increased stability and tolerability, and allows for oral administration. Dwg.0/0 CPI AB: DCN CPI: B05-B01P; B10-A17; B10-A22; B12-M07; B12-M11B; B12-M11C; B12-M11D; B14-J05A; B14-S09; D03-H01T2 UPTX: 20010323 TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred composition: the weight ratio of (a):(b) is from 1:0.1 to 1:1. The salt is a chloride, bromide, iodide, aspartate, acid aspartate, citrate, acid citrate, tartrate, phosphate, acid phosphate, fumarate, acid fumarate, glycerophosphate, glucose phosphate, lactate, maleate, acid maleate, orotate, acid oxalate, sulfate, acid sulfate, trichloroacetate, trifluoroacetate, or methane sulfonate. The composition further comprises vitamins, coenzymes, mineral substances, antioxidants, glucides, aminoacids and proteins. Preferred dosage form: solid, semi-solid or liquid, in the form of tablets, lozenges, pills, capsules, granulates, syrups, vials or drops (all claimed). L122 ANSWER 6 OF 7 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2002 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD 2000-000331 [01] WPIX C2000-000116 Reducing appetite and body weight, especially for treating obesity, by administration of alpha-lipoic acid. DEAN, J; PISCHEL, I; SCHUHBAUER, H; VON SEYERL, J; WEISS, S (SUDD) SKW TROSTBERG AG 25 DE 19818563 A1 19991028 (200001)\* 7p A61K031-385 WO 9955331 A1 19991104 (200001) DE A61K031-385 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE W: CA CZ HU JP NO PL US DE 19818563 A1 DE 1998-19818563 19980425; WO 9955331 A1 WO 1999-EP2776 19990423 PRAI DE 1998-19818563 19980425 ICM A61K031-385 DE 19818563 A UPAB: 20000105 NOVELTY - The use of R- and/or S- alpha -lipoic acid (including the

racemate) and/or its salts is claimed for reducing appetite and/or

FS

FA

MC

TECH

AN

ΤI

DC IN

PA

PΙ

CYC

ADT

IC AB

reducing body weight.

DNC

ACTIVITY - Anorectic; antiobesity; metabolic. MECHANISM OF ACTION - Coenzyme in oxidative decarboxylation of alpha -ketocarboxylic acids; antioxidant; regeneration of vitamin C, vitamin E, glutathione and coenzyme Q10. USE - Specifically for treatment of obesity, especially in humans having a body mass index (BMI) of above 25 kg/m2 (claimed). ADVANTAGE - alpha -Lipoic acid is a natural product which has an excellent anorectic effect, is free of harmful side-effects and is suitable for long-term use. Dwg.0/2 CPI AB; DCN CPI: B07-B03; B07-D03; B07-D05; B07-D11; B07-E03; B14-E12 UPTX: 20000105 TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Salts: The salts of lipoic acid contain alkali or alkaline earth metals or Group III-VI non-transition elements. The salt forming agent is specifically an alkali metal hydroxide, alkaline earth metal hydroxide, ammonium hydroxide, amine of formula (II): R1-R3 = H, 1-4C alkyl, or 1-4C oxyalkyl), 2-6C alkylene diamine, 4-6C cyclic amine, basic aminoacid or aminocarboxylic acid derivative. Especially the amine is mono- or diethanolamine, 1-aminopropanol or 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol; the diamine is hexamethylene diamine; the cyclic amine is piperidine, piperazine, pyrrolidine or morpholine; the basic aminoacid is lysine or arginine; and the aminocarboxylic acid derivative is creatine, carnitine , ornithine, choline or taurine. L122 ANSWER 7 OF 7 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2002 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD 1996-400318 [40] C1996-125752 Feed additive for poultry for improving rate of growth and survival comprises mixt. of carnitine chloride, citrate, glucose, vitamin C and magnesium oxide. B02 B05 C01 C03 D13 BORYAEV, G I; GALOCHKINA, V P; KISELEV, A F (GALO-I) GALOCHKINA V P RU 2050793 C1 19951227 (199640)\* 5p A23K001-16 RU 2050793 C1 RU 1993-33519 19930629 PRAI RU 1993-33519 19930629 ICM A23K001-16 2050793 C UPAB: 19961104 Feed additive for poultry comprises a biologically active mixt. of 17.2 wt.% carnitine chloride, 25.8 wt.% citrate, 11.6 wt.% glucose, 2.3 wt.% vitamin C and 43.1 wt.% magnesium oxide (calculated per magnesium), which is added in an amt. of 579.3 mg/kg to a standard feed mixt., in conjunction with 0.3 mg/ kg of a selenopyran of formula (I) (calculated per selenium). USE - The feed additive is used on young chicks during the first to the tenth days of their lives. ADVANTAGE - The method increases survival rate of chicken by 7.04%, during the early stages of their growth which may take place under stressful conditions. It also increases the rate of growth and improves the quality of meat. The use of carnitine stimulates liq. acid transport through cell membranes, enhances lipid metabolism and maximises the use of excess accumulated lipids and fat to satisfy demands in energy. Selenopyran is a source of selenium, a known antioxidant used to reduce the formation of highly reactive free radicals and to activate the glutathione-peroxidase enzyme which in turn neutralises these radicals. Dwg.0/0 CPI

CPI: B03-F; C03-F; B05-A01B; C05-A01B; B05-B01; C05-B01; B10-A07; C10-A07;

FS

FA

MC

TECH

DNC

ΤI

DC

IN

PA

CYC ΡI

ADT

IC

AΒ

FS

FA

MC

AB; GI; DCN

### B10-A21; C10-A21; B10-C02; C10-C02; B14-S12; C14-S12; D03-G01

=> fil agricola FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 08:20:29 ON 08 JAN 2002 FILE COVERS 1970 TO 7 Dec 2001 (20011207/ED) Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted material. All rights reserved. (1996) This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. => d all tot L134 ANSWER 1 OF 4 AGRICOLA ΑN 2001:32698 AGRICOLA DN IND22436384 ΤI The clinical and metabolic effects of rapid weight loss in obese pet cats and the influence of supplemental oral L-carnitine. ΑU Center, S.A.; Harte, J.; Watrous, D.; Reynolds, A.; Watson, T.D.G.; Markwell, P.J.; Millington, D.S.; Wood, P.A.; Yeager, A.E.; Erb, H.N. ΑV DNAL (SF601.J65) SO Journal of veterinary internal medicine, Nov/Dec 2000. Vol. 14, No. 6. p. 598-608 Publisher: Lakewood, CO: American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine. CODEN: JVIMEM; ISSN: 0891-6640 NTE Includes references CYColorado; United States DTArticle FS U.S. Imprints not USDA, Experiment or Extension LA English CC L600 Animal Physiology and Biochemistry; L500 Animal Nutrition CTamino acids; blood chemistry; blood plasma; carnitine; cat foods; catabolism; cats; fatty liver; feed additives; obesity; weight losses RN **541-15-1** (CARNITINE) **541-15-1** (L-CARNITINE) 65072-01-7 (AMINO ACIDS) L134 ANSWER 2 OF 4 AGRICOLA AN2001:30834 AGRICOLA DN IND22433957 Effects of L-carnitine on the nutritive value of extruded ΤI full-fat soybean in weaned pigs. ΑU Piao, X.S.; Kim, J.H.; Jin, J.; Kim, J.D.; Lee, J.H.; Shin, I.S.; Han, I.K. ΑV DNAL (SF55.A78A7) Asian-Australasian journal of animal sciences, Sept 2000. Vol. 13, No. 9. SO p. 1263-1271 Publisher: Seoul, Korea: AAAP and Korean Society of Animal Nutrition. CODEN: AJASEL; ISSN: 1011-2367 NTE Includes references CYKorea, Republic of DΤ Article FS Non-U.S. Imprint other than FAO LA English CC L500 Animal Nutrition; L100 Animal Production; R100 Feed Processing and

Storage

amino acids; blood plasma; blood sugar;

carnitine; chemical composition; cholesterol; diets;

CT

```
digestibility; extrusion; feed additives; feed conversion; feed
     intake; liveweight gain; nutritive value; pigs; soybeans; urea
RN
     57-13-6 (UREA)
     57-88-5 (CHOLESTEROL)
       541-15-1 (CARNITINE)
       541-15-1 (L-CARNITINE)
     65072-01-7 (AMINO ACIDS)
L134 ANSWER 3 OF 4 AGRICOLA
     2000:10403 AGRICOLA
AN
DN
     IND22024095
TΙ
     Nutritional ergogenic aids and exercise performance.
ΑU
     Maughan, R.J.
CS
     University Medical School, Foresterhill, Aberdeen, UK.
ΑV
     DNAL (QP141.A1N87)
     Nutrition research reviews, Dec 1999. Vol. 12, No. 2. p. 255-280
SO
     Publisher: Wallingford, Oxon, U.K.: CAB International
     CODEN: NREREX; ISSN: 0954-4224
NTE
     Includes references
     England; United Kingdom
CY
DT
     Article; Law
FS
     Non-U.S. Imprint other than FAO
LA
     English
CC
     T300 Diet and Diet-related Diseases
CT
     amino acids; antioxidants; athletes;
     athletic performance; bicarbonates; caffeine; carnitine;
     chromium; creatine; dietary protein; energy
     metabolism; exercise; glutamine; picolinic acid; supplements
RN
     57-00-1 (CREATINE)
     58-08-2 (CAFFEINE)
     98-98-6 (PICOLINIC ACID)
       541-15-1 (CARNITINE)
     7440-47-3 (CHROMIUM)
     65072-01-7 (AMINO ACIDS)
     56-85-9Q, 6899-04-3Q, 26700-71-0Q (GLUTAMINE)
L134 ANSWER 4 OF 4 AGRICOLA
AN
     1998:82736 AGRICOLA
DN
     IND21806647
ΤI
     Antioxidant supplementation in prevention and treatment of immune
     dysfunction and oxidation induced by murine aids in old mice.
ΑU
     Lee, J.; Jiang, S.; Liang, B.; Inserra, P.; Zhang, Z.; Solkoff, D.;
     Watson, R.R.
CS
     University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ.
ΑV
     DNAL (QP141.A1N88)
SO
     Nutrition research, Feb 1998. Vol. 18, No. 2. p. 327-339
     Publisher: New York, N.Y. : Elsevier Science Inc.
     CODEN: NTRSDC; ISSN: 0271-5317
NTE
     In the special festschrift issue: to honor the academic achievements of
     Dr. Ranjit Kumar Chandra on his 60th birthday, February 2, 1998 / edited
     by S. Denduluri, E. O'Brien, Y. Bryne and G. Ramchandani.
     Includes references
CY
     New York (State); United States
DT
FS
     U.S. Imprints not USDA, Experiment or Extension
LA
     Old female C57BL/6 mice were infected with LP-BM5 retrovirus which caused
AΒ
     murine AIDS with supplementatin. Multiple antioxidants significantly
     normalized Th1 (IL-2) and Th2 (IL-4, IL-6) cells' cytokine production in
     vitro with restoration of T- and B-cell mitogenesis. It also restored
     hepatic vitamin E level, which had been reduced by retrovirus infection.
     To assert whether the amount of retrovirus inoculum would accelerate
     development of immune dysfunction, some mice were injected with three
     times the usual infectious dose. There was no significant difference in
```

immune parameters nor was premature death accelerated. Supplementation for 1.5 months begun as murine AIDS was developing, did not significantly

```
prevent dysfunction in cytokine secretion, loss of hepatic vitamin E, nor
     reduction in T- and B-cell mitogenesis in mice given either infectious
     dose level.
     T300 Diet and Diet-related Diseases; T200 Physiology of Human Nutrition;
CC
     X380 Human Medicine, Health and Safety
CT
     acetylcysteine; acquired immune deficiency syndrome; aging;
     alpha-tocopherol; animal models; antioxidants; ascorbic
     acid; b lymphocytes; beta-carotene; bioflavonoids; body weight;
     carnitine; cytokines; death; diet; disease prevention; dosage
     effects; experimental infections; female animals; immunity; interleukins;
     liver; lymphocyte transformation; magnesium; mice; old age; retinol;
     selenium; supplements; t lymphocytes; tumor necrosis factor;
     ubiquinones; vitamin e; zinc
RN
     59-02-9 (.ALPHA.-TOCOPHEROL)
     68-26-8 (RETINOL)
       541-15-1 (CARNITINE)
     616-91-1 (ACETYLCYSTEINE)
       1339-63-5 (UBIQUINONES)
     1406-18-4 (VITAMIN E)
     7440-66-6 (ZINC)
     7782-49-2 (SELENIUM)
     50-81-7Q, 62624-30-0Q (ASCORBIC ACID)
     7235-40-7Q, 52765-84-1Q (.BETA.-CAROTENE)
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:00:54 ON 08 JAN 2002)
                SET COST OFF
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:01:06 ON 08 JAN 2002
                E HAMILTON N/AU
L1
             21 S E3, E5
L2
              3 S E19, E20
                E JUVENON/PA, CS
              3 S E3-E8
L3
L4
             24 S L1-L3
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:08:40 ON 08 JAN 2002
L5
              1 S 1200-22-2
                E C8H14O2S2/MF
L6
             17 S E3 AND S2C3/ES
L7
             13 S L6 AND 3
rs
              6 S L7 AND PENTANOIC
L9
              5 S L8 NOT LABELED
                SEL RN
L10
            133 S E1-E5/CRN
L11
             34 S L10 AND SALT
L12
             15 S L11 NOT COMPD
L13
             13 S L12 AND 1/NR
L14
              3 S 541-15-1 OR 541-14-0 OR 406-76-8
             41 S (541-15-1 OR 541-14-0 OR 406-76-8)/CRN
L15
             22 S L15 NOT COMPD
L16
L17
              1 S 303-98-0
L18
              1 S 57-00-1
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:17:21 ON 08 JAN 2002
L19
           1395 S L9 OR L13
L20
          41518 S ANTIOXIDANT#/CW
L21
          93716 S ANTIOXID? OR ANTI OXID?
L22
           1533 S THIOCTIC ACID OR ALPHA LIPOIC ACID
L23
           2189 S LIPOIC ACID
L24
          96356 S L19-L23
L25
           3983 S L14
L26
           7730 S CARNITINE
```

L27

8373 S ?CARNITIN?

```
L28
            191 S L24 AND L25-L27
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:20:45 ON 08 JAN 2002
L29
              1 S 3040-38-8
                E C9H17NO4/MF
             11 S E3 AND PROPANAMINIUM AND ACETYLOXY
L30
L31
             10 S L30 AND 2 AND 3
L32
              3 S L31 NOT (D/ELS OR 13C# OR 11C# OR LABELED)
                SEL RN
              6 S E1-E3/CRN
L33
L34
              1 S L33 AND C59H90O4
L35
              1 S L33 AND CL
L36
              4 S L29, L32, L35
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:24:31 ON 08 JAN 2002
L37
             47 S L36 AND L24
L38
              0 S L34 AND L24
L39
              1 S L34
L40
            191 S L28, L37
L41
           1686 S COENZYME O
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:29:04 ON 08 JAN 2002
                E COENZYME /CN
                E COENZYME Q/CN
L42
              1 S E3
L43
             11 S E7, E10, E22, E24, E25, E31, E32, E35, E36, E37, E13
L44
             12 S L42, L43
                SEL RN
L45
             33 S E1-E12/CRN
L46
             12 S L17, L44
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:34:03 ON 08 JAN 2002
L47
             35 S L44 AND L40
L48
             61 S (COENZYME OR CO ENZYME OR COE#) AND L40
L49
            .38 S L48 AND Q##
L50
              8 S L40 AND L41
L51
             44 S L47, L49, L50
L52
             14 S L51 AND (L18 OR CREATIN?)
                E UBIQUINONE/CT
                E E8+ALL
L53
           4296 S E6+NT
L54
           2674 S E6/BI
L55
           6781 S UBIQUINONE
L56
             42 S L40 AND L53-L55
L57
             49 S L51, L56
L58
             15 S L57 AND (L18 OR CREATIN?)
L59
             15 S L52, L58
L60
              7 S L57 AND (CARBOHYDRATE OR ?SACCHARID?)
L61
             21 S L57 AND (PROTEIN OR AMINOACID OR AMINO ACID)
L62
             13 S L57 AND (FAT OR OIL OR ?GLYCER?)
L63
              O S L57 AND (?FIBER? OR ?FIBRE? OR ?FIBROUS?)
L64
              0 S L57 AND ROUGH?
L65
              7 S L60 AND L61, L62
L66
              4 S L65 AND (17 OR 18)/SC,SX
L67
              6 S L60-L62 AND L59
L68
              5 S L67 AND (17 OR 18)/SC, SX
L69
              7 S L66, L68
L70
              3 S L4 AND L40
L71
              3 S L70 AND L57
L72
             10 S L69, L71
L73
              8 S L72 AND L59
L74
              2 S L72 NOT L73
             29 S L57 AND (17 OR 18)/SC, SX
L75
             20 S L75 NOT L72
L76
              5 S L76 AND (13 OR 14)/SC,SX
L77
L78
             15 S L76 NOT L77
```

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L79
             10 S L78 NOT (TOPICAL? OR SPLEEN OR COSMETIC? OR PARADIGM)/TI
L80
              9 S L79 NOT FATTY/TI
L81
             17 S L73, L80
L82
             15 S L81 AND L19, L14, L17, L18, L44
L83
             17 S L81 AND (LIPOIC OR THIOCTIC OR TIOCTIC OR ?CARNITIN? OR UBIQU
L84
             17 S L81-L83
L85
              3 S L4 AND L84
L86
             17 S L84, L85
                SEL HIT RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:54:30 ON 08 JAN 2002
L87
              5 S E1-E5
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:55:16 ON 08 JAN 2002
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:55:35 ON 08 JAN 2002
     FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 07:56:22 ON 08 JAN 2002
L88
            379 S L22 OR L23 OR TIOCTIC ACID
                E THIOCTIC ACID/DCN
                E E3+ALL
L89
            422 S E2 OR L88
L90
          27914 S ANTIOXID? OR ANTI OXID?
L91
           3260 S (D03-H01P OR B14-S08 OR C14-S08)/MC
L92
          28991 S L90, L91
L93
             71 S L92 AND ?CARNITIN?
                E CARNITINE/DCN
                E E3+ALL
L94
            115 S E2
L95
             82 S E6
L96
             22 S E12
L97
            14 S E16
L98
              3 S E22
L99
            171 S E24
                E ACETYLCARNITINE/DCN
                E ACETYL CARNITINE/DCN
                E ACETYL-CARNITINE/DCN
                E E8+ALL
              2 S E2
L100
L101
             44 S L92 AND L94-L100
             75 S L93, L101
L102
L103
             20 S L102 AND (COENZYM? OR CO ENZYM?) (L) Q##
L104
              1 S L102 AND UBIQUIN?
              6 S L102 AND (B04-B02C1 OR C04-B02C1 OR B04-L02 OR C04-L02)/MC
L105
                E COENZYME/DCN
                E E7+ALL
            188 S E2
L106
L107
              4 S E4
L108
              4 S E6
             12 S L102 AND L106-L108
L109
L110
             22 S L103, L104, L105, L109
             15 S L102 AND ?CREATIN?
L111
                E CREATINE/DCN
                E E3+ALL
              7 S L102 AND (E2 OR 0118/DRN)
L112
L113
             15 S L111, L112
              8 S L110 AND L113
L114
              3 S L102 AND D03-G?/MC
L115
L116
             10 S L114, L115
             61 S L102 AND (CARBOHYDRATE OR PROTEIN OR AMINOACID OR AMINO ACID
L117
              3 S L102 AND A23K/IC, ICM, ICS, ICA, ICI
L118
L119
              9 S L116 AND L117, L118
L120
             11 S L116, L118, L119
              8 S L120 NOT (AUTOIMMUNE OR DYSTROPHY OR PICOLINATE)/TI
L121
              7 S L121 NOT DIALYSIS
```

L122

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 08:10:27 ON 08 JAN 2002

	FILE	'AGRI	COI	LA' ENTERED AT 08:11:14 ON 08 JAN 2002
L123		70	S	L88 OR L9 OR L13
L124		0	S	L123 AND (L14 OR L36 OR CARNITIN? OR ACETYLCARNITIN?)
L125		6	S	L123 AND (L17 OR COENZYM? OR CO ENZYM? OR UBIQUIN?)
			E	ANTIOXIDANT/CT
			Ε	E4+ALL
L126		7869	S	E2+NT
L127		2519	S	E18+NT
L128		10346	S	L123, L126, L127
L129		20	S	L128 AND (L14 OR L36 OR CARNITIN? OR ACETYLCARNITIN?)
L130		5	S	L129 AND (PROTEIN OR AMINO ACID OR AMINOACID OR CARBOHYDRATE
L131		4	S	L129 AND (L18 OR CREATIN? OR L17 OR L46 OR UBIQUIN? OR COENZY
L132		2	S	L131 NOT (CHLOROPLAST OR ASCORBIC)/TI
L133		6	S	L130, L132
L134		4	S	L133 NOT (ALZHEIMER OR ASCORBIC)/TI
	FILE	'AGRIC	COI	LA' ENTERED AT 08:20:29 ON 08 JAN 2002

FILE 'VETB, VETU' ENTERED AT 08:20:55 ON 08 JAN 2002 L135 13 S L88

L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
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			US-PGPUB	
4	1	("6080788" .pn.) and mitochondrial	USPAT;	2002/01/08 15:38
			US-PGPUB	
7	1	"6335361" .pn.	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:19
			US-PGPUB	
10	1	"4346107" .pn.	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:19
			US-PGPUB	
13	1	"3810994" .pn.	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:20
			US-PGPUB	
16	1	"6063432" .pn.	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:21
i			US-PGPUB	
19	1	"6110511" .pn.	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:22
			US-PGPUB	
22	2	"2000011968"	DERWENT	2002/01/08 13:23
24	0	"0011968" and cavazza	DERWENT	2002/01/08 13:23
23	65	"0011968"	DERWENT	2002/01/08 13:23
25	93	carnitine and lipoic	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:40
			US-PGPUB	l
28	93	carnitine and (lipoic adj acid)	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:45
			US-PGPUB	
31	74	carnitine and (lipoic adj acid) and alpha	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:45
			US-PGPUB	
34	25	,	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:45
		alpha	US-PGPUB	
37	25	carnitine and (alpha adj lipoic adj acid)	USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:49
			US-PGPUB	
40	9		USPAT;	2002/01/08 13:49
		carbohydrate	US-PGPUB	0000/01/00 15 55
43	16	l-carnitine and (alpha adj lipoic)	USPAT;	2002/01/08 15:39
	_		US-PGPUB	
46	13	1-carnitine and (alpha adj lipoic)and	USPAT;	2002/01/08.15:39
j		(animal or pet)	US-PGPUB	1

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 169250-24-2 REGISTRY

CN .beta.-Cyclodextrin, compd. with (R)-1,2-dithiolane-3-pentanoic acid (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1,2-Dithiolane-3-pentanoic acid, (R)-, compd. with .beta.-cyclodextrin (9CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (R)-.alpha.-Lipoic acid-.beta.-cyclodextrin complex

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C42 H70 O35 . x C8 H14 O2 S2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

CM 1

CRN 7585-39-9 CMF C42 H70 O35

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 1200-22-2 CMF C8 H14 O2 S2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 1200-22-2 REGISTRY

CN 1,2-Dithiolane-3-pentanoic acid, (3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1,2-Dithiolane-3-pentanoic acid, (R)-

CN 1,2-Dithiolane-3-valeric acid, (+)- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

(R) - (+) - .alpha. - Lipoic acid

CN (R) - .alpha. - Lipoic acid

CN (R)-Lipoic acid

CN .alpha.-(+)-Lipoic acid

CN .alpha.-Lipoic acid

CN d-Thioctic acid

CN Lipoic acid

CN R-(+)-Thioctic acid

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C8 H14 O2 S2

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS,

BIOSIS,

BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, HODOC\*, IFICDB, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, NAPRALERT, PROMT, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

501 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

39 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

502 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)



select a topic phospholipid fat

Help

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### xreferences

lecithin

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sphingomyelins A Dictionary of Food and

Nutrition phosphorus

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phospholipins

A Dictionary of Food and Nutrition

view all xreferences (29)

# phospholipids (Also known as phosphatides and phospholipins)

Glycerol esterified to two molecules of fatty acid, one of which is commonly a polyunsaturated fatty acid. The third hydroxyl group is esterified to phosphate and one of a number of water-soluble compounds, including serine (phosphatidylserine), ethanolamine (phosphatidylethanolamine), choline (phosphatidylcholine, also known as lecithin), and inositol (phosphatidylinositol).

Cell membranes are a double layer of phospholipids with the fatty acid side-chains on the inside and the water-soluble compound esterified to the phosphate interacts with water. This is why phospholipids can be used to emulsify oils and fats in water and are commonly used in food manufacture as emulsifiers.

From the energy point of view they can be regarded as being equivalent to simple fats (triacylglycerols); they also provide a dietary source of choline and inositol, neither of which is a dietary essential.

A Dictionary of Food and Nutrition, Oxford University Press, © A.E. Bender and D.A. Bender 1995

#### adjacent entries

phosphatidylethanolamine phosphatidylinositol phosphatidylserine phospholipids (Also known as phosphatides and phospholipins) phospholipins phosphoproteins phosphoric acid

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